2012 SMD LED 0805 SMD LED

Edition: V1.1 Date: May 2010



1. White 2012 SMD LED

| PART NO | | Chip | Lens Color | |
|-------------|----------|---------------|-----------------|--|
| PART NO | Material | Emitted Color | Lens Color | |
| LED-0805WVC | InGaN | White | Yellow Diffused | |

Features

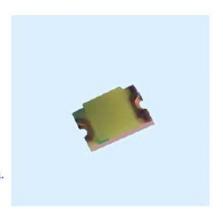
- Package in 8mm tape on 7" diameter reel.
- · Compatible with automatic placement equipment.
- Compatible with infrared and vapor phase reflow solder process.
- · Mono-color type.
- Pb-free
- The product itself will remain within RoHS compliant version.

Descriptions

- The 17-21 SMD Taping is much smaller than lead frame type components, thus enable smaller board size, higher packing density, reduced storage space and finally smaller equipment to be obtained.
- Besides, lightweight makes them ideal for miniature applications, etc.

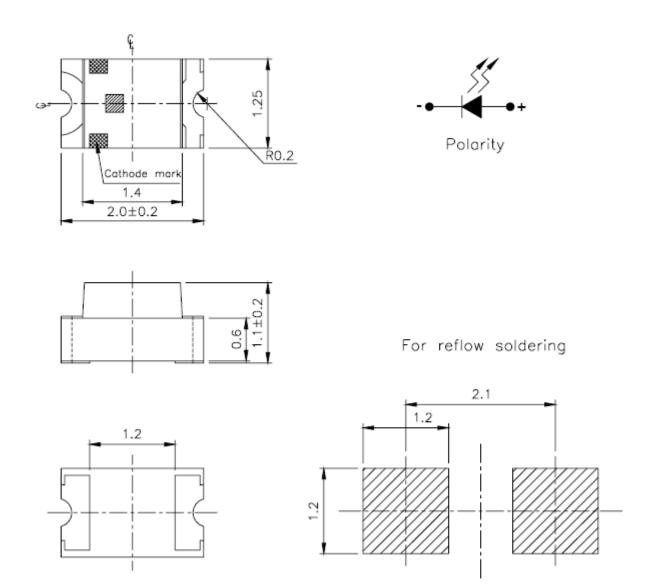
Applications

- Automotive: backlighting in dashboard and switch.
- Telecommunication: indicator and backlighting in telephone and fax.
- Flat backlight for LCD, switch and symbol.
- · General use.





Package Outline Dimensions



Note: The tolerances unless mentioned is ± 0.1 mm, Unit = mm



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

| Parameter | Symbol | Rating | Unit | |
|---|--------|---|------------|--|
| Reverse Voltage | VR | 5 | V | |
| Forward Current | IF | 25 | mA | |
| Operating Temperature | Topr | -40 ~ +85 | $^{\circ}$ | |
| Storage Temperature | Tstg | -40 ~ +90 | $^{\circ}$ | |
| Electrostatic Discharge(HBM) | ESD | 150 | V | |
| Power Dissipation | Pd | 110 | mW | |
| Peak Forward Current (Duty 1/10 @1KHz) | IFP | 100 | mA | |
| Soldering Temperature | Tsol | Reflow Soldering: 260 °C for 10 sec. Hand Soldering: 350 °C for 3 sec. | | |

Electro-Optical Characteristics (Ta=25°C)

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Condition | |
|--------------------|----------------|------|------|------|---------|---------------------|--|
| Luminous Intensity | I_{V} | 28.5 | | 72.0 | mcd | | |
| Viewing Angle | 2 0 1/2 | | 150 | | deg | I _F =5mA | |
| Forward Voltage | V _F | 2.70 | | 3.15 | V | | |
| Reverse Current | I_R | | | 50 | μ A | V _R =5V | |

Bin Range Of Luminous Intensity & Forward Voltage

| Symbol | Bin Code | Min. | Max. | Unit | Condition |
|------------------|----------|------|------|------|-----------|
| I_V | N | 28.5 | 45.0 | | |
| | P | 45.0 | 72.0 | mcd | |
| $V_{\mathtt{F}}$ | 15 | 2.70 | 2.85 | | $I_F=5mA$ |
| | 16 | 2.85 | 3.00 | V | |
| | 17 | 3.00 | 3.15 | | |

Notes:

- 1. Tolerance of Luminous Intensity $\pm 10\%$
- 2.Tolerance of Forward Voltage ±0.1V



Chromaticity Coordinates Specifications for Bin Grading

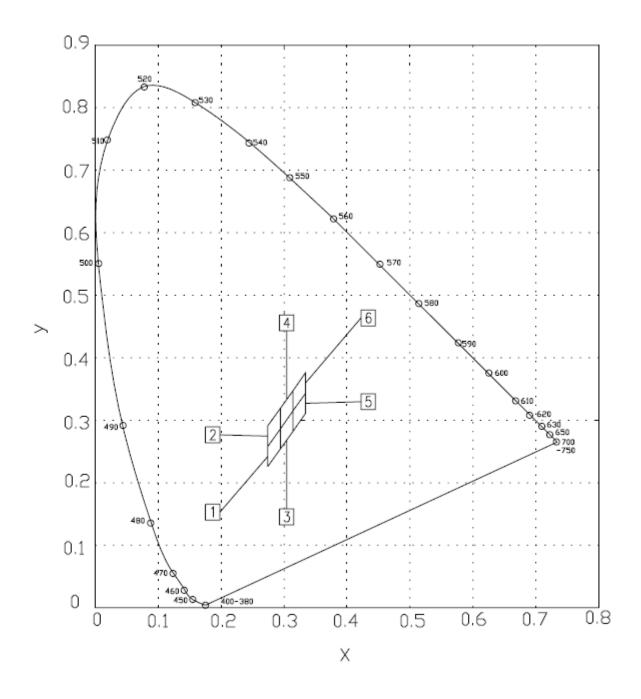
| Groups | Bin Code | CIE_x | CIE_y | Condition |
|--------|----------|-------|-------|---------------------|
| | 1 | 0.274 | 0.226 | |
| | | 0.274 | 0.258 | |
| | | 0.294 | 0.286 | |
| | | 0.294 | 0.254 | |
| | | 0.274 | 0.258 | |
| | 2 | 0.274 | 0.291 | |
| | 2 | 0.294 | 0.319 | |
| | | 0.294 | 0.286 | _ |
| | | 0.294 | 0.254 | |
| | 3 | 0.294 | 0.286 | _ |
| | | 0.314 | 0.315 | |
| A | | 0.314 | 0.282 | I _F =5mA |
| A | 4 | 0.294 | 0.286 | Ir Jimi |
| | | 0.294 | 0.319 | |
| | | 0.314 | 0.347 | _ |
| | | 0.314 | 0.315 | |
| | 5 | 0.314 | 0.282 | |
| | | 0.314 | 0.315 | |
| | | 0.334 | 0.343 | |
| | | 0.334 | 0.311 | |
| | 6 | 0.314 | 0.315 | |
| | | 0.314 | 0.347 | |
| | | 0.334 | 0.376 |] |
| | | 0.334 | 0.343 | |

Notes:

- 1.The C.I.E. 1931 chromaticity diagram (Tolerance ± 0.01).
- 2. The products are sensitive to static electricity and care must be fully taken when handling products.

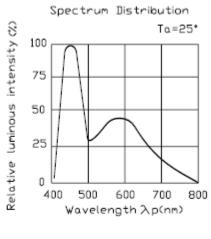


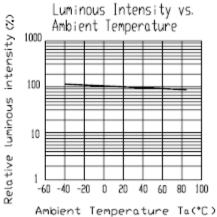
CIE Chromaticity Diagram

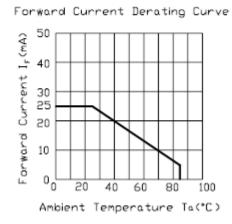


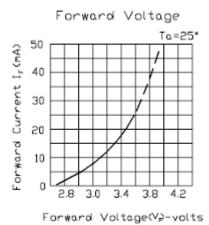


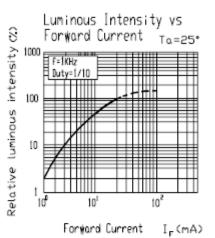
Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves

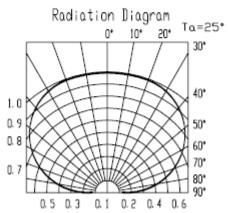






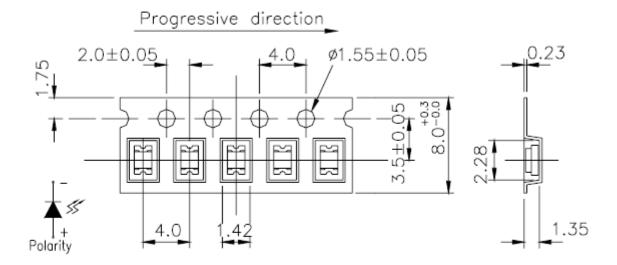








Carrier Tape Dimensions: Loaded quantity 3000 PCS per reel



Note: The tolerances unless mentioned is ± 0.1 mm, Unit = mm



Reliability Test Items And Conditions

The reliability of products shall be satisfied with items listed below.

Confidence level: 90%

LTPD: 10%

| No. | Items | Test Condition | Test Hours/Cycles | Sample Size | Ac/Re |
|-----|-------------------------------------|--|----------------------|----------------|-------|
| 1 | Reflow Soldering | Temp. : 260°C±5°C Min. 5sec. | 6 Min. | 22 PCS. | 0/1 |
| 2 | Temperature Cycle | H:+100°C 15min ∫ 5 min L:-40°C 15min | 300 Cycles | 22 PCS. | 0/1 |
| 3 | Thermal Shock | H:+100°C 5min ∫ 10 sec L:-10°C 5min | 300 Cycles | 22 PCS. | 0/1 |
| 4 | High Temperature Storage | Temp. : 100°℃ | 1000 Hrs. | 22 PCS. | 0/1 |
| 5 | Low Temperature Storage | Temp. : -40°ℂ | 1000 Hrs. | 22 PCS. | 0/1 |
| 6 | DC Operating Life | $I_F = 5 \text{ mA}$ | 1000 Hrs. | 22 PCS. | 0/1 |
| 7 | High Temperature / High Humidity | 85°C / 85%RH | 1000 Hrs. | 22 PCS. | 0/1 |



Precautions For Use

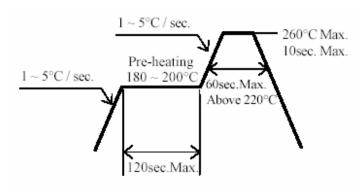
1. Over-current-proof

Customer must apply resistors for protection, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (Burn out will happen).

- Storage
- 2.1 Do not open moisture proof bag before the products are ready to use.
- 2.2 Before opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at 30℃ or less and 90%RH or less.
- 2.3 The LEDs should be used within a year.
- 2.4 After opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at 30℃ or less and 60%RH or less.
- 2.5 The LEDs should be used within 168 hours (7 days) after opening the package.
- 2.6 If the moisture absorbent material (silica gel) has faded away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed using the following conditions.

Baking treatment: 60±5°C for 24 hours.

- Soldering Condition
- 3.1 Pb-free solder temperature profile



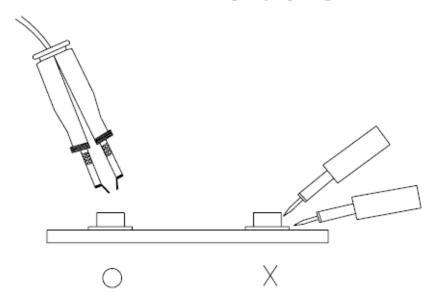
- 3.2 Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.
- 3.3 When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- 3.4 After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.
- 4.Soldering Iron

Each terminal is to go to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than 350°C for 3 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25W. Leave two seconds and more intervals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.



5.Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.



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